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2-[(*E*)-2-Hydroxy-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylideneamino]-4-methylphenol

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.077; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.7.

The title compound, $C_{15}H_{12}F_3NO_3$, is a Schiff base which adopts the *cis*-quinoid form in the solid state. The dihedral angle between the least-squares planes of the benzene rings being 3.6 (1)°. The F atoms of the $-CF_3$ group are disordered over two sets of sites with refined occupancies of 0.61 (5) and 0.39 (5). An intramolecular $N-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bond occurs. The crystal structure is stabilized by intermolecular $O-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

Schiff base compounds can be classified by their photochromic and thermochromic characteristics, see: Calligaris *et al.* (1972); Cohen *et al.* (1964); Hadjoudis *et al.* (1987). For Schiff base tautomerism, see: Karabıyık *et al.* (2008).



a = 6.4730 (5) Å

b = 8.4435 (6) Å

c = 13.0369 (9) Å

Experimental

Crystal data	
$C_{15}H_{12}F_3NO_3$	
$M_r = 311.26$	
Triclinic, P1	

$\alpha = 82.171 \ (6)^{\circ}$
$\beta = 88.034 \ (6)^{\circ}$
$\gamma = 85.622 \ (6)^{\circ}$
V = 703.62 (9) Å ³
Z = 2

Data collection

Stoe IPDS 2 diffractometer	
Absorption correction: integration	
(X-RED32; Stoe & Cie, 2002)	
$T_{\min} = 0.953, \ T_{\max} = 0.995$	

Refinement

$$\begin{split} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] &= 0.048 & \text{H atoms treated by a mixture of} \\ wR(F^2) &= 0.077 & \text{independent and constrained} \\ S &= 0.89 & \text{refinement} \\ 2762 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\text{max}} &= 0.10 \text{ e } \text{ Å}^{-3} \\ 236 \text{ parameters} & \Delta\rho_{\text{min}} &= -0.14 \text{ e } \text{ Å}^{-3} \end{split}$$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$N1 - H111 \cdots O2$ $O1 - H1A \cdots O2^{i}$	0.99 (3) 0.99 (3)	1.72 (3) 1.63 (3)	2.546 (2) 2.591 (2)	138 (2) 164 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) -x, -y + 2, -z + 1.

Data collection: X-AREA (Stoe & Cie, 2002); cell refinement: X-AREA; data reduction: X-RED32 (Stoe & Cie, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997) and PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZQ2072).

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Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

 $0.58 \times 0.27 \times 0.03 \text{ mm}$

11152 measured reflections 2762 independent reflections

1328 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

T = 293 K

 $R_{\rm int}=0.078$

Stoe & Cie (2002). X-RED32 and X-AREA. Stoe & Cie, Darmstadt, Germany.

supplementary materials

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2-[(E)-2-Hydroxy-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylideneamino]-4-methylphenol

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Comment

Schiff bases have been extensively used as ligands in the field of coordination chemistry (Calligaris *et al.*, 1972). Schiff base compounds can be classified by their photochromic and thermochromic characteristics (Cohen *et al.*, 1964). These properties result from proton transfer from the hydroxyl O atom to the imine N atom (Hadjoudis *et al.*, 1987).

There are two types of intramolecular hydrogen bonds in Schiff bases, N—H…O hydrogen bond in keto-amine or N…H—O hydrogen bond in phenol-imine tautomeric forms (Karabıyık *et al.*, 2008).

The present X-ray investigation shows that the title compound is a Schiff base which exists in the *cis*-quinoid form in the solid-state. A *PLATON* plot of the molecule is shown in Fig.1. The molecule is nearly planar, the angle between the least-squares planes of the benzene rings being $3.6 (1)^\circ$. The F atoms of the CF₃ group are disordered over two sets of sites with refined occupancies of 0.61 (5) and 0.39 (5). The N1—C14 bond length of 1.305 (3) Å is typical of a double bond. The crystal structure is stabilized by intra- and intermolecular O—H···O and N—H···O hydrogen bonds.

Experimental

The title compound was prepared by the reaction of a solution containing 2-hydroxy-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde (0.045 g 0.23 mmol) in 20 ml ethanol and a solution containing 4-amino-4-methylphenol (0.029 g 0.23 mmol) in 20 ml ethanol. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h under reflux. Crystals of the title compound suitable for a X-ray analysis were obtained from ethylalcohol by slow evaporation (yield 64%; m.p.402–408 K).

Refinement

The structure of the title compound was solved by direct methods and refined by full-matrix least-square techniques. The H atoms bonded to O1 and N1 were freely refined. All other H atoms were placed in calculated positions and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.93 Å and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ for aromatic H atoms, and with C—H = 0.96 Å and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$ for methyl H atoms.

Figures



Fig. 1. View of the molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom numbering scheme and displacement ellipsoids for the non-H atoms at the 50% probability level.



Fig. 2. Partial packing view showing the O—H···O hydrogen bonds represented as dashed lines [symmetry code: (i)-x, -y + 2, -z + 1].

2-[(E)-2-Hydroxy-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylideneamino]-4-methylphenol

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{12}F_3NO_3$	<i>Z</i> = 2
$M_r = 311.26$	F(000) = 320
Triclinic, <i>P</i> T	$D_{\rm x} = 1.469 {\rm Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 6.4730 (5) Å	Cell parameters from 7349 reflections
b = 8.4435 (6) Å	$\theta = 1.6 - 27.9^{\circ}$
c = 13.0369 (9) Å	$\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 82.171 \ (6)^{\circ}$	<i>T</i> = 293 K
$\beta = 88.034 \ (6)^{\circ}$	Prism, yellow
$\gamma = 85.622 \ (6)^{\circ}$	$0.58\times0.27\times0.03~mm$
$V = 703.62 (9) \text{ Å}^3$	

Data collection

Stoe IPDS 2 diffractometer	2762 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1328 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.078$
Detector resolution: 6.67 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 1.6^{\circ}$
rotation method scans	$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
Absorption correction: integration (<i>X-RED32</i> ; Stoe & Cie, 2002)	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{\min} = 0.953, T_{\max} = 0.995$	$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$
11152 measured reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.077$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
<i>S</i> = 0.89	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0202P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_o^2)/3$

2762 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$
236 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.10 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
3 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.14 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	у	Z	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$	Occ. (<1)
C16	0.9623 (6)	0.7727 (5)	0.9480 (2)	0.0728 (9)	
H1A	-0.054 (5)	0.899 (4)	0.399 (2)	0.114 (12)*	
H111	0.303 (4)	0.857 (3)	0.540 (2)	0.097 (10)*	
C1	0.7674 (4)	0.9053 (3)	0.81076 (18)	0.0484 (6)	
C2	0.5942 (4)	0.9960 (3)	0.84348 (18)	0.0561 (7)	
H2	0.5980	1.0412	0.9045	0.067*	
C3	0.4201 (4)	1.0184 (3)	0.78629 (18)	0.0544 (7)	
Н3	0.3059	1.0792	0.8089	0.065*	
C4	0.4088 (4)	0.9514 (3)	0.69342 (17)	0.0462 (6)	
C5	0.5886 (4)	0.8589 (3)	0.66153 (16)	0.0427 (6)	
C6	0.7678 (4)	0.8403 (3)	0.72199 (18)	0.0486 (6)	
Н6	0.8861	0.7830	0.7005	0.058*	
C7	0.3895 (4)	0.7180 (3)	0.42719 (17)	0.0424 (6)	
C8	0.1917 (4)	0.7462 (3)	0.38710 (18)	0.0477 (6)	
C9	0.1518 (4)	0.6878 (3)	0.29666 (19)	0.0592 (7)	
H9	0.0212	0.7074	0.2680	0.071*	
C10	0.3056 (4)	0.6007 (3)	0.2487 (2)	0.0602 (8)	
H10	0.2760	0.5618	0.1879	0.072*	
C11	0.5026 (4)	0.5689 (3)	0.28793 (18)	0.0500 (6)	
C12	0.5427 (4)	0.6285 (3)	0.37817 (17)	0.0464 (6)	
H12	0.6736	0.6087	0.4065	0.056*	
C13	0.6709 (4)	0.4766 (3)	0.2318 (2)	0.0702 (8)	
H13A	0.7443	0.5501	0.1838	0.105*	
H13B	0.6093	0.4019	0.1950	0.105*	
H13C	0.7657	0.4194	0.2812	0.105*	
C14	0.5861 (4)	0.7821 (3)	0.57199 (17)	0.0442 (6)	
H14	0.7059	0.7253	0.5516	0.053*	
F1A	0.8285 (13)	0.808 (3)	1.0198 (5)	0.120 (4)	0.61 (5)
F2B	0.952 (2)	0.6343 (7)	0.9169 (9)	0.106 (3)	0.61 (5)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

supplementary materials

F3A	1.1534 (11)	0.7647 (17)	0.9796 (12)	0.103 (3)	0.61 (5)
F1B	0.819 (2)	0.769 (3)	1.0204 (10)	0.141 (7)	0.39 (5)
F2A	0.916 (4)	0.6340 (8)	0.9273 (14)	0.110 (6)	0.39 (5)
F3B	1.122 (4)	0.771 (3)	1.007 (3)	0.154 (8)	0.39 (5)
N1	0.4201 (3)	0.7886 (2)	0.51702 (14)	0.0433 (5)	
01	0.0485 (3)	0.8293 (2)	0.44187 (13)	0.0619 (5)	
O2	0.2431 (2)	0.9701 (2)	0.63948 (12)	0.0576 (5)	
O33	0.9507 (3)	0.8897 (2)	0.86952 (14)	0.0682 (6)	

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C16	0.093 (3)	0.080 (3)	0.0477 (19)	0.007 (2)	-0.0135 (18)	-0.0181 (19)
C1	0.0470 (17)	0.0509 (17)	0.0475 (14)	-0.0074 (14)	-0.0058 (12)	-0.0040 (13)
C2	0.0695 (19)	0.0587 (18)	0.0424 (14)	-0.0121 (15)	0.0007 (13)	-0.0112 (13)
C3	0.0542 (17)	0.0556 (18)	0.0531 (15)	0.0019 (14)	0.0066 (13)	-0.0113 (13)
C4	0.0469 (16)	0.0454 (16)	0.0456 (14)	-0.0011 (13)	-0.0006 (12)	-0.0048 (12)
C5	0.0419 (16)	0.0447 (16)	0.0411 (13)	-0.0005 (13)	0.0000 (12)	-0.0060 (12)
C6	0.0441 (16)	0.0467 (16)	0.0540 (15)	-0.0001 (12)	-0.0006 (12)	-0.0049 (13)
C7	0.0465 (17)	0.0377 (15)	0.0430 (14)	-0.0025 (13)	0.0011 (12)	-0.0060 (11)
C8	0.0465 (16)	0.0452 (17)	0.0508 (14)	-0.0001 (13)	-0.0013 (12)	-0.0054 (13)
C9	0.0595 (19)	0.0566 (18)	0.0634 (17)	-0.0042 (15)	-0.0145 (14)	-0.0108 (14)
C10	0.072 (2)	0.0552 (19)	0.0583 (16)	-0.0090 (16)	-0.0038 (15)	-0.0207 (14)
C11	0.0616 (18)	0.0391 (16)	0.0499 (14)	-0.0065 (13)	0.0073 (12)	-0.0089 (12)
C12	0.0453 (16)	0.0418 (16)	0.0510 (15)	0.0005 (13)	0.0001 (12)	-0.0042 (12)
C13	0.080 (2)	0.0564 (18)	0.0773 (19)	-0.0037 (16)	0.0181 (16)	-0.0256 (15)
C14	0.0404 (16)	0.0428 (16)	0.0470 (14)	0.0040 (12)	0.0026 (12)	-0.0023 (12)
F1A	0.153 (7)	0.149 (9)	0.046 (4)	0.051 (4)	0.002 (4)	-0.007 (4)
F2B	0.127 (5)	0.085 (7)	0.106 (5)	0.031 (5)	-0.024 (4)	-0.030 (5)
F3A	0.069 (6)	0.158 (5)	0.078 (5)	0.007 (3)	-0.048 (3)	-0.003 (4)
F1B	0.190 (14)	0.108 (9)	0.098 (10)	0.030 (6)	0.077 (11)	0.037 (7)
F2A	0.189 (14)	0.045 (7)	0.094 (8)	-0.013 (7)	-0.087 (9)	0.019 (6)
F3B	0.22 (2)	0.165 (10)	0.082 (11)	-0.021 (10)	-0.082 (9)	-0.007 (7)
N1	0.0387 (13)	0.0436 (14)	0.0467 (12)	0.0048 (10)	-0.0011 (10)	-0.0063 (10)
O1	0.0488 (11)	0.0748 (14)	0.0604 (11)	0.0158 (10)	-0.0036 (9)	-0.0138 (10)
O2	0.0461 (11)	0.0673 (13)	0.0592 (10)	0.0141 (9)	-0.0051 (9)	-0.0173 (9)
O33	0.0648 (14)	0.0784 (14)	0.0620(12)	-0.0158 (11)	-0.0203 (10)	-0.0008 (11)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C16—F2B	1.294 (5)	С7—С8	1.391 (3)
C16—F2A	1.295 (5)	C7—C12	1.392 (3)
C16—F1B	1.302 (6)	C7—N1	1.411 (3)
C16—F1A	1.303 (5)	C8—O1	1.362 (3)
C16—F3A	1.312 (5)	C8—C9	1.378 (3)
C16—F3B	1.312 (6)	C9—C10	1.376 (3)
C16—O33	1.322 (3)	С9—Н9	0.9300
C1—C6	1.347 (3)	C10—C11	1.383 (3)
C1—C2	1.396 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300

C1—O33	1.422 (3)	C11—C12	1.381 (3)
C2—C3	1.360 (3)	C11—C13	1.517 (3)
С2—Н2	0.9300	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—C4	1.411 (3)	C13—H13A	0.9600
С3—Н3	0.9300	C13—H13B	0.9600
C4—O2	1.291 (3)	C13—H13C	0.9600
C4—C5	1.433 (3)	C14—N1	1.305 (3)
С5—С6	1.411 (3)	C14—H14	0.9300
C5—C14	1.412 (3)	N1—H111	0.98 (3)
С6—Н6	0.9300	O1—H1A	0.99 (3)
F2B-C16-F1B	101.8 (16)	C8—C7—N1	115.3 (2)
F2A—C16—F1A	105 (2)	C12—C7—N1	124.3 (2)
F2A—C16—F3A	110.3 (14)	O1—C8—C9	124.3 (2)
F1A—C16—F3A	111.9 (7)	O1—C8—C7	116.8 (2)
F2B—C16—F3B	110.6 (14)	C9—C8—C7	118.9 (2)
F1B—C16—F3B	97.7 (19)	C10—C9—C8	119.9 (2)
F2B-C16-O33	111.3 (5)	С10—С9—Н9	120.1
F2A-C16-O33	115.5 (7)	С8—С9—Н9	120.1
F1B-C16-O33	119.0 (11)	C9—C10—C11	122.3 (2)
F1A-C16-O33	108.7 (9)	С9—С10—Н10	118.8
F3A-C16-O33	105.6 (7)	C11—C10—H10	118.8
F3B-C16-O33	115.1 (14)	C12—C11—C10	117.7 (2)
C6—C1—C2	121.3 (2)	C12—C11—C13	121.1 (2)
C6—C1—O33	119.5 (2)	C10-C11-C13	121.2 (2)
C2-C1-O33	119.0 (2)	C11—C12—C7	120.7 (2)
C3—C2—C1	120.1 (2)	C11—C12—H12	119.6
С3—С2—Н2	119.9	C7—C12—H12	119.6
С1—С2—Н2	119.9	С11—С13—Н13А	109.5
C2—C3—C4	121.4 (2)	C11—C13—H13B	109.5
С2—С3—Н3	119.3	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
С4—С3—Н3	119.3	C11—C13—H13C	109.5
02-C4-C3	121.8 (2)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
02	120.8 (2)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C_{3} C_{4} C_{5}	1173(2)	N1-C14-C5	121.7(2)
C6-C5-C14	119.7 (2)	N1-C14-H14	119.1
C6-C5-C4	119.7 (2)	C5-C14-H14	119.1
C14—C5—C4	120.6(2)	C14— $N1$ — $C7$	129 2 (2)
C1—C6—C5	120.1 (2)	C14—N1—H111	114.7 (17)
С1—С6—Н6	120.0	C7—N1—H111	1160(17)
C5—C6—H6	120.0	C8—O1—H1A	114 9 (17)
C8-C7-C12	120.4 (2)	$C_{16} = 0.033 = C_{10}$	1164(2)
C_{6}	0.9(4)	C9-C10-C11-C12	-0.3(4)
033-01-02-03	177 2 (2)	C9-C10-C11-C13	-1782(3)
$C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	177.2(2)	$C_{10} - C_{11} - C_{12} - C_{7}$	-0.3(3)
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4 = 0_2$	179 0 (3)	C13-C11-C12-C7	1777(3)
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4 = C_5$	-0.1(4)	C_{8} C_{7} C_{12} C_{11}	13(4)
02 - C4 - C5 - C6	-180 0 (2)	N1 - C7 - C12 - C11	-177 3 (7)
C_{3} C_{4} C_{5} C_{6}	-0.9(3)	C_{6} C_{5} C_{14} N_{1}	1761(2)
	0.7 (3)		1/0.1 (4)

supplementary materials

O2—C4—C5—C14	-1.9 (4)	C4C5C14N1	-1.9 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C14	177.2 (2)	C5-C14-N1-C7	-179.0 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-2.0 (4)	C8—C7—N1—C14	179.2 (3)
O33—C1—C6—C5	-178.2 (2)	C12—C7—N1—C14	-2.1 (4)
C14—C5—C6—C1	-176.1 (2)	F2B-C16-O33-C1	60.1 (7)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.9 (4)	F2A-C16-O33-C1	48.0 (16)
C12—C7—C8—O1	177.5 (2)	F1B-C16-O33-C1	-57.8 (14)
N1—C7—C8—O1	-3.8 (3)	F1A-C16-O33-C1	-69.6 (9)
C12—C7—C8—C9	-1.8 (4)	F3A—C16—O33—C1	170.2 (7)
N1—C7—C8—C9	176.9 (2)	F3B-C16-O33-C1	-173.1 (19)
O1—C8—C9—C10	-177.9 (3)	C6-C1-O33-C16	-97.4 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	1.3 (4)	C2-C1-O33-C16	86.3 (3)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.2 (4)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D\!\!-\!\!\mathrm{H}^{\ldots}\!A$
N1—H111…O1	0.99 (3)	2.16 (3)	2.610 (3)	106 (2)
N1—H111…O2	0.99 (3)	1.72 (3)	2.546 (2)	138 (2)
O1—H1A···O2 ⁱ	0.99 (3)	1.63 (3)	2.591 (2)	164 (3)
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x$, $-y+2$, $-z+1$.				



Fig. 1



